# North Platte, Nebraska Hospital Corporation d/b/a Great Plains Health and Affiliates North Platte, Nebraska

Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Information December 31, 2015 and 2014

**Together with Independent Auditor's Report** 

### **Table of Contents**

			<u>Page</u>
Independ	lent Au	ditor's Report	1 – 2
Financial	Staten	nents:	
		d Balance Sheets per 31, 2015 and 2014	3
		d Statements of Operations Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014	4
Cons F	olidate or the	d Statements of Changes in Net Assets Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014	5
		d Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014	6
		nsolidated Financial Statements per 31, 2015 and 2014	7 – 23
Supplem	entary	Information:	
Exhil	oit 1 -	Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2015	24 – 25
Exhil	oit 2 -	Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2015	26
Exhil	oit 3 -	Consolidating Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2015	27



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors of North Platte, Nebraska Hospital Corporation d/b/a Great Plains Health and Affiliates North Platte, Nebraska:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of North Platte, Nebraska Hospital Corporation d/b/a Great Plains Health and Affiliates (the Organization) which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of its operations, changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, effective January 1, 2015 the Organization designated its investments as trading securities.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating information in Exhibits 1 - 3 is presented for purposes of additional analysis rather than to present the financial position, the results of operations and changes in net assets of the individual organizations and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The consolidating information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Omaha, Nebraska, March 18, 2016.

Sein Johnson, LLP

### Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2015 and 2014

		2015	2014
ASSETS	-	2010	2014
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,454,330	24,355,205
Short-term investments	·	68,438,262	65,101,950
Assets limited as to use - required for current liabilities		594,264	5,705,750
Receivables -		,	-,,
Patients, net of estimated uncollectibles of \$3,945,360 in 2015			
and \$4,019,109 in 2014		22,635,394	20,571,130
Other		2,283,912	2.472.470
Inventories		4,965,084	4,620,596
Prepaid expenses	-	1,989,430	1,902,588
Total current assets	_	126,360,676	124,729,689
Investments	_		5,060,000
Assets limited as to use, net of current portion		33,163,501	59,473,250
Property and equipment, net	_	144,853,778	121,509,120
	_	144,000,110	121,508,120
Other assets:			
Deferred bond issue costs, net		1,055,751	1,095,034
Deferred compensation assets		3,106,169	2,801,627
Recruitment and relocation advances, net		868,593	1,228,814
Investment in affiliates		1,800,013	1,855,233
Interest in Foundation		4,322,421	4,661,091
Land held for future expansion and investment		647,594	744,276
Assets held for sale	_	11,471,570	
Total other assets	_	23,272,111	12,386,075
Total assets	\$ _	327,650,066	323,158,134
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current liabilities:			
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	2,025,000	1,945,000
Accounts payable -			
Trade		6,469,957	3,577,055
Construction		3,044,791	8,570,720
Other		220,000	895,000
Accrued salaries, vacation and vested benefits payable		8,630,101	8,392,318
Accrued interest payable		763,442	776,408
Estimated third-party payor settlements	-	1,735,415	1,072,622
Total current liabilities		22,888,706	25,229,123
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		103,812,872	106,393,272
Deferred compensation liability	_	3,106,169	2,801,627
Total liabilities	_	129,807,747	134,424,022
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		197,110,190	188,001,983
Temporarily restricted		732,129	732,129
Total net assets	-	197,842,319	188,734,112
	<b>-</b>	_	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ _	327,650,066	323,158,134

### Consolidated Statements of Operations For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

UNDESTRUCTED DELVENIUE	2	2015	2014
UNRESTRICTED REVENUE:			400.070.407
Net patient service revenue \$		5,172,917	169,373,107
Provision for bad debts	(/	<u>,544,531)</u>	(6,137,588)
Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts	178	3,628,386	163,235,519
Other operating revenue	2	2,071,866	3,572,574
Total revenue	180	,700,252	166,808,093
EXPENSES:			
Salaries and wages	71	,006,557	65,404,766
Employee benefits		5,966,272	16,298,836
Professional fees - physicians		,000,181	4,698,292
Professional fees - other		,582,593	13,476,908
Supplies		,384,069	28,620,342
Utilities		,938,015	1,908,653
Repairs and maintenance		6,617,499	5,935,029
Leases and rentals		,446,007	1,323,371
Insurance		686,252	565,007
Interest	1	,360,632	
Other		,166,674	4,001,146
Depreciation and amortization		3,569,550	9,728,638
Total expenses	171	,724,301	151,960,988
OPERATING INCOME	8	3,975,951	14,847,105
NONOPERATING GAINS (LOSSES):			
Investment income, including realized gains, net	1	,582,861	10,800,530
Unrealized losses on investments, net		2,748,185)	
Other nonoperating gains, net	(-	603,172	1,159,931
Ctror nonoporating game, net		000,172	1,100,001
Total nonoperating gains (losses), net		(562,152)	11,960,461
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	8	3,413,799	26,807,566
CHANGE IN UNREALIZED LOSSES ON OTHER THAN TRADING SECURITIES			(7,658,678)
GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS		70,611	1,235,995
CHANGE IN INTEREST IN FOUNDATION		623,797	776,419
INCREASE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS \$	; 0	),108,207	21,161,302
WORLE REPORTED HELL MODELLO		,,.00,201	21,101,002

See notes to consolidated financial statements

### Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	_	2015	2014
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS: Operating income Nonoperating gains (losses), net Change in unrealized losses on other than trading securities Gifts, grants and bequests Change in interest in Foundation	\$	8,975,951 (562,152)  70,611 623,797	14,847,105 11,960,461 (7,658,678) 1,235,995 776,419
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS		9,108,207	21,161,302
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	_	188,734,112	167,572,810
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ _	197,842,319	188,734,112

See notes to consolidated financial statements

### Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

CASH ELOWS EDOM ODEDATING ACTIVITIES.	_	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Change in net assets	\$	9,108,207	21,161,302
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	Ψ	9,100,207	21,101,302
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Change in interest in Foundation		(623,797)	(776,419
Depreciation and amortization		13,569,550	9,728,638
Amortization of bond premium		(179,218)	3,720,030
Change in unrealized losses on		(173,210)	
other than trading securities			7,658,678
Amortization of recruitment and relocation advances		701,604	629,637
(Gain) loss on disposal of property and equipment		234,301	(321,804
Gain on investment in affiliates		(720,274)	(838,127
Gifts, grants and bequests		(70,611)	(1,235,995
			(1,235,996
Decrease in trading securities, net		1,833,917	
(Increase) decrease in current assets -		(2.064.264)	(2.220.04)
Patient accounts receivable, net		(2,064,264)	(2,229,810
Other receivables		188,558	(577,34
Inventories		(344,488)	(221,917
Prepaid expenses		(86,842)	(390,995
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities -		0.000.000	(070.00
Accounts payable - trade		2,892,902	(278,682
Accounts payable - other		(675,000)	143,003
Accrued salaries, vacation and vested benefits payable		237,783	1,497,332
Accrued interest payable		(12,966)	
Estimated third-party payor settlements	_	662,793	392,923
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	24,652,155	34,340,423
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property and equipment, net		(43,011,337)	(52,349,270
Deposits to investments, net			(33,231,586
Withdrawals from assets limited as to use, net		31,311,006	50,921,326
Recruitment and relocation advances, net		(341,383)	(1,071,438
Distributions from investments in affiliates, net		775,494	626,023
Receipts from Foundation		962,467	
Decrease in land held for future expansion and investment		96,682	
Purchase of assets held for sale		(11,471,570)	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(21,678,641)	(35,104,945
THE GOOD GOOD IN INVOCATING CONVINCES	_	(21,070,011)	(00,101,010
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Principal payments on long-term debt		(1,945,000)	(12,953
Gifts, grants and bequests	_	70,611	1,235,995
	_	(1,874,389)	1,223,042
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		4 000 405	458,520
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities  NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,099,125	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			23,896,685
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	_	24,355,205	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	- \$ <u>-</u>		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	- \$ <u>-</u>	24,355,205	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	_	24,355,205	24,355,208
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year  SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	- \$ = \$	24,355,205 25,454,330	23,896,685 24,355,205 4,658,450 4,658,450

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the organization and summary of significant accounting policies of the North Platte, Nebraska Hospital Corporation and Affiliates (the Organization). These policies are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### A. Description of Organization and Principals of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the following entities:

- North Platte, Nebraska Hospital Corporation, d/b/a Great Plains Health (GP Health)
- Great Plains Medical Arts Building, Inc. (GPMAI)
- Great Plains Homecare Equipment, Inc. (GPHEI)
- Regency Retirement Residence of North Platte (Regency)
- North Platte Nebraska Physicians Group, LLC (NPNPG)
- Great Plains PHO, Inc. (PHO)

GP Health, a not-for-profit organization, is licensed for 116 beds and currently is staffed for and operates 80 acute care beds, 19 licensed psychiatric care beds, a home health agency, and provides various outpatient and emergency medical treatment services.

GPMAI is a not-for-profit organization whose Board of Directors is the same as GP Health. Its purpose is to acquire and hold title to property and to manage properties held.

GPHEI, a wholly-owned taxable corporation, formed during 1995, leases and sells home medical equipment to the public.

Regency is a not-for-profit organization whose Board of Directors consists of five members, all of which are appointed by GP Health. Regency is an independent living facility.

NPNPG, a limited liability company, formed during 2008, provides physician professional medical services and other programs to patients.

As of October 2015, PHO became a wholly-owned taxable subsidiary to develop a clinically integrated network composed of hospitals, physicians and other healthcare providers, and will continue to provide contract messenger services.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of these organizations (collectively referred to here as the "Organization"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### B. Industry Environment

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government healthcare program participation requirements, reimbursements for patient services, and Medicare and Medicaid fraud and abuse. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government healthcare programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

Management believes that the Organization is in compliance with government laws and regulations as they apply to the areas of fraud and abuse. While no regulatory inquiries have been made which are expected to have a material effect on the Organization's consolidated financial statements, compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

As a result of recently enacted federal healthcare reform legislation, substantial changes are anticipated in the United States healthcare system. Such legislation includes numerous provisions affecting the delivery of healthcare services, the financing of healthcare costs, reimbursement of healthcare providers and the legal obligations of health insurers, providers and employers. Several provisions have been implemented, while other provisions are slated to take effect at specified times over approximately the next decade.

### C. Management

GP Health is a not-for-profit provider of healthcare services. GP Health has an agreement for consulting services with Community Hospital Consulting (CHC). GP Health has had this agreement with CHC since April 2010.

Regency is a not-for-profit independent living facility. Regency has an agreement for management services with Paradigm Senior Living, inc. (Paradigm). Regency has had this agreement with Paradigm since October 2006.

#### D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include certain investments in highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### F. Patient Accounts Receivable, Net

The Organization reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payors, patients and others. Accounts receivable are reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. In evaluating the collectibility of accounts receivable, the Organization analyzes its past history and identifies trends for each of its major payor sources of revenue to estimate the appropriate allowance for uncollectible accounts and provision for bad debts. Management regularly reviews data about these major payor sources of revenue in evaluating the sufficiency of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. For receivables associated with services provided to patients who have third-party coverage, the Organization analyzes contractually due amounts and estimates a percentage of those accounts that will transition to selfpay patients based on historical analysis. The estimated percentage of those transition accounts are added to receivables associated with self-pay patients (which includes both patients without insurance and patients with deductible and copayment balances due for which third-party coverage exists for part of the bill). The Organization records a significant provision for bad debts in the period of service on the basis of its past experience, which indicates that many patients are unable or unwilling to pay the portion of their bill for which they are financially responsible. The difference between the standard rates (or the discounted rates if negotiated) and the amounts actually collected after all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted is charged off against the allowance for uncollectible accounts.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

The Organization has adopted a policy relative to self-pay discounts, whereby charges and subsequent billings were reduced to approximate reimbursement levels received from governmental third-party payors.

Payment for services is expected within thirty days of receipt of the billing. Accounts considered past due are sent to collection agencies when internal collection efforts have been unsuccessful. Any amounts deemed uncollectible are written off on a monthly basis. The Organization does not charge interest on outstanding balances owed.

The Organization also maintains a charity care policy as described in Note 1(Q).

#### G. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out valuation method) or market.

#### H. Investments

Effective January 1, 2015, GP Health designated its investments as trading securities. Due to liquidation of many investments in late 2014, GP Health did not have a cumulative net unrealized gains or losses not previously recognized as nonoperating gains (losses).

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) is included in excess of revenue over expenses. Unrealized gains and losses (that are considered temporary) on investments, is excluded from excess of revenue over expenses.

Effective January 1, 2015, GP Health recognizes all investment income in excess of revenue over expenses.

#### I. Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use include the following:

By Trustee Under Indenture Agreement – These assets are maintained according to the terms of the 2012 Hospital Authority No. 1 of Lincoln County, Nebraska Loan Agreements. Amounts required to meet current liabilities of GP Health have been reclassified on the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

By Board for Capital Improvements – These assets are set aside by the Board of Directors for future capital improvements. The Board retains control of these assets and may at its discretion subsequently use them for other purposes.

### J. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based upon useful lives set forth by the American Hospital Association. The Organization maintains a capitalization policy of \$3,000.

GP Health capitalized interest costs incurred on funds used for construction costs for the Patient Tower Project (Project). The capitalized interest is recorded as part of the asset to which it relates and will be amortized over the asset's estimated useful life. Interest costs capitalized, net of bond premium amortization, were \$2,729,451 and \$4,094,177 in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

Gifts of cash that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, expirations or donor restrictions are reported when the acquired long-lived assets are placed into service.

#### K. Deferred Bond Issue Costs, Net

Deferred bond issue costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of their respective bond issue. Amortization expense of \$39,283 and \$39,284 in 2015 and 2014, respectively, is included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

#### L. Recruitment and Relocation Advances. Net

GP Health has entered into several agreements to recruit and relocate needed physician specialists to the community of North Platte, Nebraska. All monies advanced under these agreements will be forgiven over a one to three year period in which the physician practices in the community. Advances must be repaid with interest if the physician fails to fulfill their contract responsibilities.

#### M. Investment in Affiliates

GP Health is accounting for its investments in North Platte Surgery Center, LLC, a 50% owned affiliate, and Enhance Health Network (formerly Regional Provider Network, LLC), an 11.11% owned affiliate by the equity method of accounting, under which, GP Health's share of the net income (loss) is recognized as income (loss) in the Organization's consolidated statements of operations and added to (subtracted from) the investment account. Contributions to the affiliates are treated as additions to, and dividends received are treated as reductions of, the investment account.

### N. Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by GP Health has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by GP Health in perpetuity. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Organization had no permanently restricted net assets.

#### O. Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payers. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

#### P. Rental Income

GP Health is the lessor of certain office space leased under various monthly or annually noncancelable operating leases. Rental income is recorded monthly as earned in the consolidated statements of operations.

Regency is the lessor of residential facilities for the aged under one year noncancelable operating leases. Rental income is recorded monthly as earned in the consolidated statements of operations.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### Q. Charity Care

The Organization provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Organization does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Management's disclosure of charity care costs are described in Note 3.

The Organization is dedicated to providing comprehensive healthcare services to all segments of society, including the aged and otherwise economically disadvantaged. In addition, the Organization provides a variety of community health services at or below cost.

#### R. Donor-Restricted Gifts

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to the Organization are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. The gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires; that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of operations as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

### S. Group Health Insurance Costs

GP Health is self-insured under its employee group health program, up to certain limits. Included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations is a provision for premiums for excess coverage and payments for claims, including estimates of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported at year end.

#### T. Income Taxes

GP Health and Regency are not-for-profit corporations as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. GPMAI is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. NPNPG is a limited liability company wholly owned by GP Health. GP Health, Regency and GPMAI have received a determination letter that it is exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Internal Revenue Service has established standards to be met to maintain tax-exempt status.

GPHME is a for-profit corporation that recognized federal and state income tax expense of approximately \$62,163 and \$68,580 in 2015 and 2014, respectively. The income tax expense is included as an other expense of the consolidated statements of operations.

PHO is a for-profit corporation subject to federal and state income taxes. PHO did not recognize any federal and state income tax expense in 2015 due to operating losses incurred during the year.

The Organization accounts for uncertainties in accounting for income tax assets and liabilities using guidance included in FASB ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. The Organization recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. At December 31, 2015, the Organization had no uncertain tax positions accrued.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### U. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, investments, assets limited as to use, current liabilities and long-term debt obligations. Management's estimates of fair value of investments and assets limited as to use are described in Note 4. The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, receivables and current liabilities approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments. The carrying value of long-term debt obligations approximates fair value since the interest rates closely reflect current market rates for notes with similar maturities and credit quality.

#### V. Excess of Revenue over Expenses

The consolidated statements of operations include excess of revenue over expenses as a performance indicator. Changes in unrestricted net assets which are excluded from the performance indicator, consistent with industry practice, include contributions of long lived assets (including assets acquired using contributions which, by donor restriction, were to be used for the purposes of acquiring such assets), and change in interest in Foundation.

#### W. Reclassification

Certain amounts in the 2014 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2015 reporting format.

### X. Subsequent Events

The Organization considered events occurring through March 18, 2016 for recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements as subsequent events. That date is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

### (2) Net Patient Service Revenue

The Organization recognizes patient service revenue associated with services provided to patients who have third-party payor coverage on the basis of contractual rates for the services rendered. See summary of payment arrangements below. For uninsured patients that do not qualify for charity care, the Organization recognizes revenue on the basis of its standard rates for services provided. On the basis of historical experience, a significant portion of the Organization's uninsured patients will be unable or unwilling to pay for the services provided. Thus, the Organization records a significant provision for bad debts related to uninsured patients in the period the services are provided. Patient service revenue, net of contractual allowances and discounts (but before the provision for bad debts), recognized during the year from these major payor sources, is as follows:

		December 31, 2015					
		Medicare	Medicaid	BCBS	Other Payers	Self Pay	Total
Gross patient charges Less: contractual allowances	\$	202,733,502	31,575,388	71,355,963	81,063,102	23,367,162	410,095,117
and discounts	-	155,330,934	24,120,812	10,478,899	15,932,966	18,058,589	223,922,200
Net patient service revenue	\$	47,402,568	7,454,576	60,877,064	65,130,136	5,308,573	186,172,917
	_			Decembei			
	_	Medicare	Medicaid	BCBS	Other Payers	Self Pay	Total
Gross patient charges Less: contractual allowances	\$	172,000,606	32,009,677	64,236,462	69,872,586	21,688,659	359,807,990
and discounts	-	128,828,660	22,239,693	8,610,408	11,761,640	18,994,482	190,434,883
Net patient service revenue	\$	43,171,946	9,769,984	55,626,054	58,110,946	2,694,177	169,373,107

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors are as follows:

**Medicare.** Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Inpatient nonacute services are paid based on a prospectively determined rate per day. Outpatient services are paid based on ambulatory payment classifications or fee schedule amounts. Homecare services are paid at prospectively determined rates per episode of care. Physician clinic services provided to Medicare beneficiaries are paid on fee schedule amounts. GP Health is reimbursed for some items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by GP Health and audits thereof by the Medicare Administrative Contractor. GP Health's Medicare cost reports have been audited by the Medicare Administrative Contractor through December 31, 2013.

The "Budget Control Act of 2011" requires, among other things, mandatory across-the-board reductions in Federal spending, also known as sequestration. As required by law, President Obama issued a sequestration order on March 1, 2013. In general, Medicare claims with dates of service or dates of discharge on or after April 1, 2013, incur a two percent reduction in Medicare payment.

**Medicaid.** Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. Outpatient services are reimbursed based on a percentage rate representing the average ratio of cost to charges.

GP Health has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers. The basis for payment to GP Health under these agreements includes discounts from established charges.

Net patient service revenue, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, consists of the following:

	_	2015	2014
Gross patient charges:			
Inpatient routine services	\$	28,993,190	26,528,668
Inpatient ancillary services		119,748,385	97,945,742
Outpatient and physician clinic services		259,173,270	232,947,860
Home medical equipment and other	_	2,180,272	2,385,720
	_	410,095,117	359,807,990
Less deductions from gross patient charges:			
Medicare		155,330,934	128,828,660
Medicaid		24,120,812	22,239,693
Blue Cross/Blue Shield		10,478,899	8,610,408
Other third-party adjustments		15,932,966	11,761,640
Self-pay discounts		10,870,224	11,309,390
Charity care	_	7,188,365	7,685,092
	_	223,922,200	190,434,883
Net patient service revenue	\$_	186,172,917	169,373,107

The Organization reports net patient service revenue at estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers, and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews, and investigations. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and investigations. Net patient service revenue increased \$810,000 and \$665,000 in 2015 and 2014, respectively, due to the removal of allowances previously estimated that are no longer necessary as a result of information obtained from final settlements and years that are no longer subject to audits, reviews, and investigations.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

Revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 25% and 4%, respectively, of the Organization's net patient revenue for the year ended December 31, 2015, and 25% and 6%, respectively, for the Organization's net patient revenue for the year ended December 31, 2014. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

### (3) Charity Care

The Organization provides charity care to patients who are financially unable to pay for the healthcare services they receive. Patients who qualify for charity care are given a percentage discount from established charges based on a sliding scale using poverty guidelines. It is the policy of the Organization not to pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care. Accordingly, the Organization does not report these amounts in net patient service revenue or in the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Organization determines the costs associated with providing charity care by aggregating the direct and indirect costs, including salaries, benefits, supplies, and other operating expenses, based on the overall cost to charge ratio for GP Health and NPNPG. The costs of caring for charity care patients for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 were approximately \$2,607,000 and \$2,843,000, respectively.

### (4) Fair Value

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

The Organization applies FASB ASC 820 for fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis. FASB ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly through either corroboration or observable market data.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability. Therefore, unobservable inputs shall reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk) developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value for each class of financial instrument measured at fair value:

Cash and cash equivalents and accrued interest – The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, consisting primarily of money market funds, is classified as Level 1 as these funds are valued using quoted market prices.

Fixed income securities – Investments in fixed income securities are comprised of U.S. government treasury obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, , municipal bonds, and corporate bonds and notes. U.S. government treasury obligations are classified as Level 1 if they trade with sufficient frequency and volume to enable to the Organization to obtain pricing information on an ongoing basis. The remaining fixed income securities are classified as Level 2 based on multiple sources of information, which may include market data and/or quoted market prices form either markets that are not active or are for the same or similar assets in active markets.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

Corporate stocks – The fair value of equity securities is the market value based on quoted market prices, when available, or market prices provided by recognized broker dealers.

For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities has been consistent.

The following tables present the financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (including items that are required to be measured at fair value) at December 31, 2015 and 2014:

		December 31, 2015			
	_	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,877,130	44,877,130		
Corporate bonds and notes		27,853,460		27,853,460	
Corporate stocks					
Domestic		19,414,747	19,414,747		
Small Cap		4,317,765	4,317,765		
International		4,082,833	4,082,833		
Accrued interest	_	92	92		
Other Investments:		100,546,027	72,692,567	27,853,460	
Certificates of deposits	_	1,650,000			
	\$_	102,196,027			

		December 31, 2014			
		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,647,998	84,647,998		
U.S. treasury obligations		5,108,067	5,108,067		
U.S. government agency obligations		5,520,199		5,520,199	
Municipal bonds		768,981		768,981	
Corporate bonds and notes		8,651,174		8,651,174	
Corporate stocks					
Domestic		11,441,581	11,441,581		
Small Cap		2,983,469	2,983,469		
International		3,577,206	3,577,206		
Accrued interest	_	42,275	42,275		
		122,740,950	107,800,596	14,940,354	
Other Investments: Certificates of deposits	_	12,600,000			
	\$_	135,340,950			

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

Investment return for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 is summarized as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Interest and dividends Investment management fees	\$	1,927,640 (333,746)	1,295,965 (237,891)
Realized gains (losses), net Change in unrealized losses		(11,033) (2,748,185)	9,742,456 (7,658,678)
Total investment return	\$ <u></u>	(1,165,324)	3,141,852
Included in nonoperating gains (losses), net Reported separately as a change in unrestricted net assets	\$ _	(1,165,324)	10,800,530 (7,658,678)
Total investment return	\$_	(1,165,324)	3,141,852

#### (5) Assets Limited as to Use

In connection with the issuance of the Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 and related trust indenture agreement, GP Health is required to maintain the following:

Bond Fund – This fund is established for the periodic deposit of funds for payment of principal and interest.

Rebate Fund – Established to provide for payment of any rebates owing to the United States under Section 148 of the Code. Amounts deposited in this fund are not subject to the Pledge of the Indenture in favor of the bonds.

*Project Fund* – This fund is established for the payment of costs of the Project.

In addition, GP Health's Board of Directors has set aside assets for future capital improvements, over which the Board retains control and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes.

Assets limited as to use are presented in the consolidated financial statements at fair value. The composition of assets limited as to use at December 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	2015	2014
Assets limited as to use – Board designated for capital improvements Held by Trustee under bond indenture agreements	\$ 33,163,501 594,264	33,273,762 31,905,238
	33,757,765	65,179,000
Less amount required for current obligations	594,264	5,705,750
Assets limited as to use, net of current portion	\$ 33,163,501	59,473,250

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (6) Other Receivables

The composition of other receivables at December 31, 2015 and 2014 is summarized as follows:

		2015	2014
Employee loans and advances	\$	1,171,005	1,001,542
Professional liability policy receivable		220,000	895,000
EHR incentive – Medicaid			333,295
Gifts, grants and bequests			64,705
Credit card and other rebate receivables		178,000	39,171
Employee group health plan reinsurance receivable		169,477	8,551
Tenants		291,000	
Other	_	254,430	130,206
	\$	2,283,912	2,472,470

### (7) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 is summarized as follows:

	2015	2014
Land and improvements	\$ 6,964,947	4,762,364
Buildings and fixed equipment	159,769,751	65,168,425
Equipment and furnishings	106,403,243	91,015,160
Construction in progress	726,126	80,323,234
	273,864,067	241,269,183
Less - Accumulated depreciation	129,010,289	119,760,063
	\$ <u>144,853,778</u>	121,509,120

Depreciation expense of \$13,530,267 and \$9,689,354 in 2015 and 2014, respectively, is included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Groundbreaking on a major building project of a patient tower (Project) began in 2013. The Project consisted of the development, planning, design and construction of a new 5-story, approximately 220,000 square foot replacement patient tower at GP Health to be constructed with the proceeds of the Series 2012 Bonds (Note 11). The Project included 116 private patient rooms, related equipment, an addition to house information technology facilities, a new central utility plant, parking, a new lobby, new kitchen and cafeteria, conference center, material management dock, and an updated cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation area. The Project also included demolition and renovation of some non-clinical areas of existing space. The total cost of the Project capitalized in 2015 was approximately \$89.5 million. The Project was completed in 2015 with the 1<sup>st</sup> floor being placed into service in August 2015 and 2<sup>nd</sup> through 5<sup>th</sup> floors being placed into service in September 2015.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (8) Assets Held for Sale

In 2015, GP Health began constructing a 40,000 square foot addition and partial remodel to its existing medical office building (POB project). The total cost of the POB project, including the existing medical office building is approximately \$12.6 million. GP Health is in the process of creating a joint venture with several physicians to purchase the completed POB project from GP Health. The sale price of the POB project is based upon fair market value of the existing building and the cost of the new construction less the tenant costs, and is anticipated to exceed the historical and new construction cost of the POB project. Financing for the purchase is anticipated to be derived from a bank mortgage note and capital investment from the joint venture partners. No guarantee of the bank mortgage note is expected for the joint venture partners as the POB project is designed to be self-sustaining based on rents received.

### (9) Recruitment and Relocation

GP Health has entered into several agreements to recruit, relocate and provide income guarantees to needed physician specialists for the community of North Platte, Nebraska. All monies advanced under these agreements will be forgiven over a one to three year period in which the physician practices in the community. Advances must be repaid with interest if the physician fails to fulfill their contract responsibilities.

The following illustrates amounts advanced under these agreements and applicable amortization expense (included in other expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations) for 2015 and 2014:

		2015	2014
Recruitment and relocation advances - Beginning of year Advances Amortization	\$	1,228,814 341,383 (701,604)	787,013 1,071,438 (629,637)
End of year	<b>-</b> \$ _	868,593	1,228,814

#### (10) Investments in Affiliates

GP Health owned a 50% investment in the stock of Great Plains PHO, Inc. (PHO) in 2014. In 2015 the remaining shares were purchased and the PHO became wholly-owned by GP Health. GP Health owns a 50% interest in the North Platte Surgery Center, LLC (NPSC), which operates a freestanding ambulatory surgery center that began providing services in 2003. GP Health also owns an 11.11% interest in Enhance Health Network which develops and supports a clinically integrated healthcare provider network, to improve quality, reduce costs, and respond to demands of payors, employers and consumers. All investments are recorded using the equity method of accounting.

GP Health's investment in affiliates at December 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Great Plains PHO, Inc.	\$		50,813
North Platte Surgery Center, LLC		1,631,313	1,744,270
Enhance Health Network	<u>-</u>	168,700	60,150
	\$ <u>_</u>	1,800,013	1,855,233

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

### (11) Long-Term Debt

A summary of the long-term debt at December 31, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
3.50% - 5.00% Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, serial bonds due November 2025 and term bonds due through November 2042, payable in varying annual installments on November 15, interest payable semi-annually (including		
unamortized premium of \$4,942,872).	\$ 105,837,872	108,338,272
Less current maturities	2,025,000	1,945,000
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>103,812,872</u>	106,393,272

On November 1, 2012, \$102,840,000 of Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, (Series 2012 Bonds) were issued by Hospital Authority No. 1 of Lincoln County (Issuer), Nebraska pursuant to the Indenture, the Loan Agreement, the 2012 Note and Mortgage between the Issuer and First National Bank of Omaha, Omaha, Nebraska (Trustee). The Series 2012 Bonds were issued at a premium of \$6,720,864. This premium is being amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the bonds. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, \$555,400 and \$564,273, respectively, of the premium was amortized and included as a reduction in interest expense and capitalized interest costs for the years then ended.

A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2012 Bonds, along with funds from the Organization were used to redeem or refund the remaining outstanding principal amount of the Series 2002 Bonds. The majority of the proceeds of the Series 2012 Bonds were used to fund the Organization's patient tower project (Note 7).

The 2012 bonds are collateralized equally and ratably by a first mortgage lien on the facilities and a security interest in GP Health's accounts, inventory and equipment.

Under the terms of the 2012 revenue bond indentures, the GP Health is required to maintain certain deposits with a trustee. Such deposits are included with assets limited as to use. The revenue bond indentures also place limits on the incurrence of additional borrowings and requires that GP Health satisfy certain measures of financial performance as long as the bonds are outstanding.

Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt for the next five years are as follows:

	_	Long-Term Debt
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Thereafter	\$	2,025,000 2,105,000 2,185,000 2,295,000 2,390,000 89,895,000
Add unamortized premium	- \$ <u>-</u>	100,895,000 4,942,872 105,837,872

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (12) Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets at December 31, 2015, are restricted primarily for a future building and service expansion project, hospital improvements, and support for various programs. These funds are currently held by the Great Plains Health Care Foundation and are available upon request of GP Health. These funds are comprised of cash and cash equivalents and investments held by other foundations.

### (13) Commitments

GP Health and GPHEI lease facility space and equipment for operations under various noncancelable operating lease agreements which expire between April 2015 and April 2023, and require varying minimum annual lease payments.

The total future minimum lease commitments at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

2016	\$ 624,445
2017	387,729
2018	632,037
2019	355,101
2020	343,566
Thereafter	765,417

Total operating lease expense included in the consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, was approximately \$1,446,000 and \$1,340,000, respectively.

#### (14) Other Operating Revenue

Other operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 consisted of the following:

	 2015		
EHR incentive – Medicare	\$ 1,180	1,240,264	
EHR incentive – Medicaid		333,295	
Rental income	766,477	717,971	
Cafeteria	371,769	255,992	
Grant revenue	54,000	70,476	
Other operating revenue	 878,440	954,576	
	\$ 2,071,866	3,572,574	

### Meaningful Use of Certified Electronic Health Record Technology Incentive Payments

The Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act contains specific financial incentive payments beginning in 2011 to certain hospitals and professionals that implement and achieve meaningful use of certified electronic health record (EHR) technology in ways that demonstrate improved quality and effectiveness of care. Specific criteria is set by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Eligibility for annual Medicare incentive payments is dependent on providers demonstrating meaningful use of EHR technology in each period over a four-year period. An initial Medicaid incentive payment is available to providers that adopt, implement, or upgrade certified EHR technology. However, in order to receive additional Medicaid incentive payments in subsequent years, providers must demonstrate continued meaningful use of EHR technology.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

GP Health accounts for meaningful use incentive payments under the grant accounting model, cliff recognition. Medicare EHR incentive payments are recognized as revenue when eligible providers demonstrate meaningful use of certified EHR technology and data is available to estimate the incentive payments for each period (a 365 day period after the initial 90 day attestation period). Medicaid EHR incentive payments are recognized as revenue when an eligible provider demonstrates meaningful use of certified EHR technology for each period. GP Health recognized \$1,180 and \$1,240,264 of Medicare meaningful use grant revenue and \$-0- and \$333,295 of Medicaid meaningful use grant revenue in other operating revenue in its consolidated statement of operations for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### (15) Nonoperating Gains (Losses), Net

Nonoperating gains (losses), net are comprised of the following:

	2015	2014
Investment income	\$ 1,916,6	07 11,038,421
Investment fees	(333,7	46) (237,891)
Unrealized losses on investments, net	(2,748,1	85)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(234,3	01) 321,804
Gain on investment in affiliates	837,4	73 838,127
	\$(562,1	52) 11,960,461

### (16) Professional Liability Insurance

GP Health carries a professional liability policy (including malpractice) which provides \$1,000,000 of coverage for injuries per occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate coverage. GP Health qualifies under the Nebraska Hospital Medical Liability Act (the Liability Act). The Excess Liability Fund under the Liability Act, on a claims-made basis, pays claims in excess of \$500,000 for losses up to \$2,250,000 per occurrence. The statutes limit covered claims above \$2,250,000 and, in connection therewith, GP Health carries an umbrella policy which also provides an additional \$5,000,000 of professional liability coverage per occurrence and aggregate coverage. These policies provide coverage on a claims-made basis covering only the claims which have occurred and are reported to the insurance company while the coverage is in force. GP Health could have exposure on possible incidents that have occurred for which claims will be made in the future, should professional liability insurance not be obtained, should coverage be limited and/or not available, or should the Act change.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require a healthcare provider to recognize the ultimate costs of malpractice claims or similar contingent liabilities, which include costs associated with litigating or settling claims, when the incidents that give rise to the claims occur. GP Health does evaluate all incidents and claims along with prior claims experienced to determine if a liability is to be recognized. For the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2014, management determined a liability of \$220,000 and \$895,000 should be recognized for asserted or unasserted claims. In accordance with FASB ASU No. 2010-24, Health Care Entities (Topic 954): Presentation of Insurance Claims and Related Insurance Recoveries, management has included this liability in other accounts payable on the consolidated balance sheets with a corresponding receivable for insurance recoveries which is included with other receivables (Note 6).

### (17) 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan

GP Health has established a deferred compensation plan for a select group of management or highly compensated employees in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457(b). The plan permits eligible employees to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employees until retirement, separation from employment, death, unforeseeable emergency or attaining age 70½. The employer is the beneficial owner of all assets the employee places in the plan. The employee is fully vested in all amounts credited to his or her account.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (18) 401(k) Retirement Plan

GP Health sponsors a 401(k) Retirement Plan for its employees. The plan covers all employees who have six months of service, are age 21 or older, and have elected to participate in the plan. The plan is funded through contributions by both employees and GP Health. The employee contribution may be up to 100% of their pre-tax qualified compensation and is fully vested. Employees may direct the contributions among 24 different funds as determined by the Plan. Matching contributions up to 4% are made by GP Health. In 2013, a participant was fully vested in GP Health's contribution after six years of credited service. Effective January 1, 2014, the Organization amended the plan to provide a three-year cliff vesting period. Pension expense was \$2,021,174 and \$1,795,896 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### (19) Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Organization is located in North Platte, Nebraska. The Organization grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of who are local residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payers was as follows:

	2015	2014
Medicare	24%	25%
Medicaid	7	11
Blue Cross/Blue Shield	14	20
Other third-party payers	40	35
Private pay	15	9
	100%	100%

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk include cash and cash equivalents and investments. Investments and cash and cash equivalents are managed within guidelines established by the Board of Directors which, as a matter of policy, limit the amounts that may be invested with one issuer and the type of investment. Management believes the risks related to its investments and cash and cash equivalents is minimal.

#### (20) Related Party Transactions

Great Plains Health Care Foundation (Foundation) was established exclusively for the purpose of supporting programs and services of GP Health and other organizations that provide or support health related programs. Because GP Health does not have the authority to appoint a majority of the Board Members of the Foundation, the consolidated financial statements do not include the accounts of this organization. All funds raised, except funds required for the operations of the Foundation, are to be distributed, or held for the purpose of supporting the programs and services of GP Health, or as required to comply with the purposes specified by donors. Total net assets of the Foundation as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 were approximately \$8,993,555 and \$9,762,376, respectively.

GP Health has recognized its transfers to the Foundation and net assets of the Foundation restricted for GP Health's use as an interest in Foundation, included as an other asset, in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Increases and decreases in the GP Health's interest in Foundation relating to investment income and contributions are recorded as a change in interest in Foundation in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

### (21) Functional Expenses

The Organization provides general healthcare services to residents within its geographic location. Expenses related to the provision of these services are as follows:

	2015	2014
Program services Fundraising	\$ 171,579,963 144,338_	151,823,702 137,286
	\$ <u>171,724,301</u>	151,960,988

Exhibit 1

# Consolidating Balance Sheet December 31, 2015

ASSETS	Great Plains Health	Great Plains Medical Arts Building	Great Plains Homecare Equipment	Regency Retirement Residence	North Platte Nebraska Physician Group	Great Plains PHO, Inc.	Eliminations	Consolidated
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,791,450	1,168,879	868.017	52,159	572,051	1,774		25.454.330
Short-term investments	68,438,262							68,438,262
Assets limited as to use - required for current liabilities Receivables -	594,264							594,264
Patients, net of estimated uncollectibles	20,584,135		122.521		1.928.738			22,635,394
Affiliates	4,872,965						(4,872,965)	
Other	1,576,483	3,216	45,002		659,211			2,283,912
Inventories	4,747,504		217,580					4,965,084
Prepaid expenses	1,863,729	<del></del>	2	5,867	119,832	<del></del>	<del></del> .	1,989,430
Total current assets	125,468,792	1,172,095	1,253,122	58,026	3,279,832	1,774	(4,872,965)	126,360,676
Assets limited as to use, net of current portion	33,163,501		<u> </u>					33,163,501
Property and equipment, net	138,791,149	408,964	407,364	1,394,659	3,851,642			144,853,778
Other assets -								
Deferred bond issue costs, net	1,055,751							1,055,751
Deferred compensation assets	1,790,092				1,316,077			3,106,169
Recruitment and relocation advances, net	868,593							868,593
Investment in affiliates	6,605,856						(4,805,843)	1,800,013
Interest in Foundation	4,322,421							4,322,421
Land held for future expansion and investment		647,594						647,594
Assets held for sale	11,471,570	<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del>	<del></del>	11,471,570
Total other assets	26,114,283	647,594	<del></del>		1,316,077		(4,805,843)	23,272,111
Total assets	\$ 323,537,725	2,228,653	1,660,486	1,452,685	8,447,551	1,774	(9,678,808)	327,650,066

Exhibit 1

# Consolidating Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2015

	Great Plains Health	Great Plains Medical Arts Building	Great Plains Homecare Equipment	Regency Retirement Residence	North Platte Nebraska Physician Group	Great Plains PHO, Inc.	Eliminations	Consolidated
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS								
Current liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 2.025.000	<del></del>			<del></del>			2,025,000
Accounts payable -	Ψ 2,020,000							2,023,000
Trade	4,786,914	17,370	238,101	45,889	1,269,000	112,683		6,469,957
Construction	3,044,791							3,044,791
Affiliates		1,407,985	52,922	2,068,626	1,304,675	38,757	(4,872,965)	
Other	220,000							220,000
Accrued salaries, vacation and vested benefits payable	7,559,313			2,785	1,068,003			8,630,101
Accrued interest payable Estimated third-party payor settlements	763,442 1,735,415				 			763,442 1,735,415
Estimated tillid-party payor settlements	1,733,413	· <del></del>			<del></del>	<del></del> .		1,735,415
Total current liabilities	20,134,875	1,425,355	291,023	2,117,300	3,641,678	151,440	(4,872,965)	22,888,706
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	103,812,872							103,812,872
Deferred compensation liability	1,790,092				1,316,077	<del></del>	<del></del>	3,106,169
Total liabilities	125,737,839	1,425,355	291,023	2,117,300	4,957,755	151,440	(4,872,965)	129,807,747
Commitments								
Net assets (deficit):								
Common stock and paid-in-capital			475,000		53,317,641	80,216	(53,872,857)	
Unrestricted	197,067,757	803,298	894,463	(664,615)	(49,827,845)	(229,882)	49,067,014	197,110,190
Temporarily restricted	732,129	·		<del></del>		<del></del> .	<del></del>	732,129
Total net assets (deficit)	197,799,886	803,298	1,369,463	(664,615)	3,489,796	(149,666)	(4,805,843)	197,842,319
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 323,537,725	2,228,653	1,660,486	1,452,685	8,447,551	1,774	(9,678,808)	327,650,066

## Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Great Plains Health	Great Plains Medical Arts Building	Great Plains Homecare Equipment	Regency Retirement Residence	North Platte Nebraska Physician Group	Great Plains PHO, Inc.	Eliminations	Consolidated
UNRESTRICTED REVENUE:	•					<u> </u>	<u>,                                      </u>		
Net patient service revenue	\$	169,433,329		1,692,681		15,046,907			186,172,917
Provision for bad debts		(6,793,469)	<del></del>	(30,985)	(1,465)	(718,612)			(7,544,531)
Net patient service revenue less provision for bad debts		162,639,860		1,661,696	(1,465)	14,328,295			178,628,386
Other operating revenue	•	1,769,817	81,937	47,864	456,988	459,804		(744,544)	2,071,866
Total revenue	•	164,409,677	81,937	1,709,560	455,523	14,788,099		(744,544)	180,700,252
EXPENSES:									
Salaries and wages		53,980,321		443,483	117,905	16,433,843	31,005		71,006,557
Employee benefits		12,898,797		149,162	7,662	2,902,900	7,751		15,966,272
Professional fees - physicians		2,136,571				2,863,610			5,000,181
Professional fees - other		15,391,639	1,900	66,002	105,139	2,113,937	187,001	(283,025)	17,582,593
Supplies		31,256,500		52,887	57,745	1,045,286	369	(28,718)	32,384,069
Utilities		1,802,915		13,209	40,991	80,900			1,938,015
Repairs and maintenance		6,346,476	1,934	55,319	27,408	186,467		(105)	6,617,499
Leases and rentals		883,119		69,576	36,452	889,557		(432,697)	1,446,007
Insurance		562,757	1,671	3,874	4,915	113,035			686,252
Interest		1,360,632			11,562			(11,562)	1,360,632
Other		3,225,742	12,567	658,840	39,591	226,178	3,756		4,166,674
Depreciation and amortization		12,902,802	3,495	19,903	66,652	576,698			13,569,550
Total expenses		142,748,271	21,567	1,532,255	516,022	27,432,411	229,882	(756,107)	171,724,301
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		21,661,406	60,370	177,305	(60,499)	(12,644,312)	(229,882)	11,563	8,975,951
NONOPERATING GAINS (LOSSES):									
Investment income, including realized gains, net		1,567,470	6,214	4,119	57	16,563		(11,562)	1.582.861
Unrealized losses on investments, net		(2,748,185)		<u></u>		'		/	(2,748,185)
Other nonoperating gains (losses), net		(11,960,346)		(59,138)		(2,540)		12,625,196	603,172
Total nonoperating gains (losses), net		(13,141,061)	6,214	(55,019)	57	14,023		12,613,634	(562,152)
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES		8,520,345	66,584	122,286	(60,442)	(12,630,289)	(229,882)	12,625,197	8,413,799
GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS		70,611							70,611
CHANGE IN INTEREST IN FOUNDATION		623,797							623,797
EQUITY TRANSFER FROM AFFILIATE	•	<del></del> -		<del></del> -		14,665,000		(14,665,000)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	\$	9,214,753	66,584	122,286	(60,442)	2,034,711	(229,882)	(2,039,803)	9,108,207

Exhibit 3

# Consolidating Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	_	Great Plains Health	Great Plains Medical Arts Building	Great Plains Homecare Equipment	Regency Retirement Residence	North Platte Nebraska Physician Group	Great Plains PHO, Inc.	Eliminations	Consolidated
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	21,661,406	60,370	177,305	(60,499)	(12,644,312)	(229,882)	11,563	8,975,951
Nonoperating gains (losses), net		(13,141,061)	6,214	(55,019)	57	14,023		12,613,634	(562,152)
Gifts, grants and bequests		70,611							70,611
Change in interest in Foundation		623,797							623,797
Equity transfer from affiliate	_			<u></u>		14,665,000	80,216	(14,745,216)	
Increase (decrease) in unrestricted net assets		9,214,753	66,584	122,286	(60,442)	2,034,711	(149,666)	(2,120,019)	9,108,207
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), beginning of year	_	188,585,133	736,714	1,247,177	(604,173)	1,455,085	<u></u>	(2,685,824)	188,734,112
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), end of year	\$ _	197,799,886	803,298	1,369,463	(664,615)	3,489,796	(149,666)	(4,805,843)	197,842,319